

Japanese Festivals

18th of June (Fri.) 2021 Team H: Rin Thwe Kaho Miyu

Agenda

- Spring
 - Children's Day
- Summer
 - Tanabata

- Autumn
 - Otsukimi
 - -Shichi-go-san
- Winter
 - Japanese New Year

Spring: Children's Day ~Boy's Day~ ①

Date

5th May

Purpose

- 1. Respect children's personality
- 2. Wish children's hapiness
- 3. Appreciate mothres

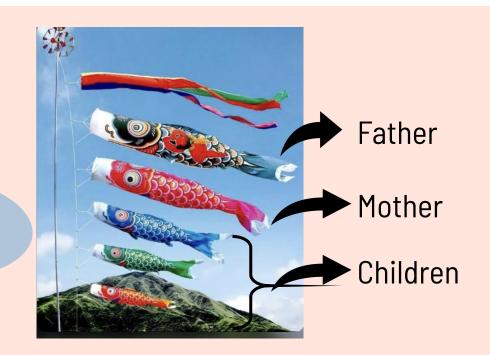


Spring: Children's Day ~Boy's Day~ 2

Carp streamers

Display it hoping children will grow up healthy and strong.

for household





Kazari-kabuto

Display a samurai armor and a helmet miniatures. It represents wishes to raise strong and powerful.



Kashiwa-mochi

Rice cakes and sweet red bean paste with wrapped Kashiwa oak leaf.





Date 7th July

What's day ?

Orihime and Hikoboshi meet once a year across the Milky Way.

Origin,Mean

Chinese

Pray to the stars for the meeting of Orihime and Hikoboshi and for the improvement of poetry and sewing





What do we do?

Write your wish on a strip of paper and hang them on bamboo branches



Why do we write our wishes on paper?

In the old days, paper was a luxury item in Japan, so people used it to write important things on paper.





Date

Around Sepetember

What do we do?

- View the moon
- Eat otsukimi dango (rice dumpling)

☆ Be said there is rabbit in the moon





Date

15th November

What's day?

Celebrate the growth of children

boys aged: 3 and 5 girls aged: 3 and 7

What do we do?

dress up in kimono, dresses, suits



Winter: Japanese New Year 1

Date

1st January **[24th December~5th December**←Holidays**]**



Background of the festival

- Japanese celebrate New year according to Greogorian calendar
- Celebrated new year according to the Tenpo calendar till 1872

Winter: Japanese New Year 2

Traditional Food for New Year

Soba

Eat soba at new year eve in order to pray for a long healthy life \rightarrow Came from the look of soba; long and thin





Traditional Food for New Year

Osechi

Eat a variety of food at the 1st of Janauary called Gantan in Japanese

→for celebrating the New Year



Winter: Japanese New Year 4

Traditional Food for New Year

Ozouni

a kind of soup that consists of various kinds of vegetables, rice cake called mochi in Japanese →to welcome the God of New Year





Customs of Japanese New Year

Shimekazari

decorate with a bundle of flower

→a landmark to welcome the God





<u>Customs of Japanese New Year</u>

Hatsumode
 the first shrine visit
 →to wish for a happy and
 healthy coming year



image credit



Other Customs

- Seeing the first sunrise of the year Hatsuhinode
- Sending the postcards to friends and coworkers
- Givingpocket moneyto the youngers





Thank you for listening!